**Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase**

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| Date | 20 June 2024 |
| Team ID | 739849 |
| Project Title | Doctors Annual Salary Prediction |
| Maximum Marks | 6 Marks |

**Data Exploration and Preprocessing Template**

Identifies data sources, assesses quality issues like missing values and duplicates, and implements resolution plans to ensure accurate and reliable analysis.

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| **Section** | **Description** |
| Basic statistics, dimensions, and structure of the data. | import pandas as pd  # Load dataset  url = "https://example.com/doctors\_salary\_data.csv"  df = pd.read\_csv(url)  # Display basic statistics  print(df.describe())  # Display data structure  print(df.info()) |
| Exploration of individual variables (mean, median, mode, etc.) | # Calculate mean, median, and mode for the 'salary' column  mean\_salary = df['salary'].mean()  median\_salary = df['salary'].median()  mode\_salary = df['salary'].mode()  print(f"Mean Salary: {mean\_salary}")  print(f"Median Salary: {median\_salary}")  print(f"Mode Salary: {mode\_salary}") |
| Relationships between two variables (correlation, scatter plots) | import seaborn as sns  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  # Scatter plot between 'experience' and 'salary'  sns.scatterplot(x='experience', y='salary', data=df)  plt.title('Experience vs Salary')  plt.show()  # Correlation between 'experience' and 'salary'  correlation = df['experience'].corr(df['salary'])  print(f"Correlation between experience and salary: {correlation}") |
| Patterns and relationships involving multiple variables. | # Pairplot to show relationships between multiple variables  sns.pairplot(df)  plt.show() |
| Identification and treatment of outliers. | # Box plot to identify outliers in 'salary'  sns.boxplot(df['salary'])  plt.title('Box plot of Salary')  plt.show()  # Remove outliers (example: values above the 95th percentile)  upper\_limit = df['salary'].quantile(0.95)  df = df[df['salary'] <= upper\_limit] |
| **Data Preprocessing Code Screenshots** | |
| Code to load the dataset into the preferred environment (e.g., Python, R) | # Load dataset  url = "https://example.com/doctors\_salary\_data.csv"  df = pd.read\_csv(url) |
| Code for identifying and handling missing values | # Check for missing values  missing\_values = df.isnull().sum()  print(missing\_values)  # Fill missing values with median  df.fillna(df.median(), inplace=True) |
| Code for transforming variables (scaling, normalization) | from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler  # Standardize the 'salary' column  scaler = StandardScaler()  df['salary\_scaled'] = scaler.fit\_transform(df[['salary']]) |
| Code for creating new features or modifying existing ones. | # Create a new feature 'experience\_squared'  df['experience\_squared'] = df['experience'] \*\* 2 |
| Code to save the cleaned and processed data for future use. | # Save the processed data to a new CSV file  df.to\_csv('processed\_doctors\_salary\_data.csv', index=False) |